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Poultry and Products

Veterinary-Sanitary Requirements for Importation of Poultry and Pork

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Report Highlights: This report contains a translation of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia's (FRY) import regulations for meat and poultry, as found in the official Food Safety Law published in the "Official Gazette No 53/91 (and updated in the "Official Gazette" No 24/94, 28/96 and 37/2002), including rulebook translations (article 1-17) as implementing regulations.

Includes PSD changes: No
Includes Trade Matrix: No
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VETERINARY-SANITARY REQUIREMENTS FOR IMPORTATION OF POULTRY MEAT

1) Every consignment must be accompanied with veterinary-sanitary certificate, in which authorized veterinarian of exporting country/country of origin, confirms:

That consignment/shipment complies with the conditions in the “Veterinary Convention”, signed between two parties, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and exporting country/country of origin, such as follows:

- that the origin of meat is from areas/locations, which were considered as free of contagious diseases which could be transmitted with this consignment, before and during the slaughtering
- that, in the circle of 30 km around and in the place of poultry origin, as well, there was no outbreaks of Poultry cholera, Fowl plague(Pestis Avium) and Newcastle disease, in the last few months before and during the slaughtering
- that meat has the origin from poultry, which is inspected ante-mortem and post-mortem and found as wholesome for human consumption
- that slaughterhouses in which meat was processed, are under permanent veterinary-sanitary supervision and that these facilities are registered as export establishments by competent authorities
- that meat has properly stamped with slaughterhouse's official stamp, with noted day of slaughtering and official export number of that establishment
- that meat is wholesome from the veterinary-sanitary point of view and fit for human consumption without any restrictions/limitations
- that meat is free from harmful substances (pesticides,antibiotics,sulphonamides,chormones,nytrophen residues,etc.) in quantities higher than allowed, according to the current legislation of Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

2) Every consignment of meat should be accompanied with certificate of authorized Veterinary Services of exporting country/country of origin, in which is stated that meat was stored and additionally was handled according to the best knowledge/principles of hygiene and that meat was stored at cold stores (warehouses) which are under permanent veterinary-sanitary supervision/control.

3) At the consignment arrival at entry point (border crossing station), Federal Veterinary Officer is obliged and authorized to take samples of meat/meat products for laboratory investigations, such as follows: at least one sample of muscle tissue together with associated fat tissue.

If in the same transporting vehicle there are meat consignments from more than one slaughterhouse (additional numbers of deliverers), than it is necessary to take at least one sample from each different deliverer/supplier.

If, on some occasion, Federal Veterinary Officer is not in the position to collect the samples for laboratory investigations at the border crossing station, he is obliged to write the order for collection of samples, in original consignment documentation, for local municipality veterinary inspection service, in the place of consignment final destination (according to the same aforementioned procedure of sample collection), for laboratory investigations

Collected samples are being delivered to the authorized laboratory, with sign "to be investigated" on presence of harmful substances, PCB, dioxin and nityrophen residues.

4) Transported vehicles and transport conditions must fulfil provisions of current legislation of Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

5) This importation permit/license is valid for four months, from the day of issuing or until recall by Federal Minister of Economy and Internal Trade

VETERINARY-SANITARY REQUIREMENTS FOR IMPORTATION OF PORK MEAT

1) Every consignment must be accompanied with veterinary-sanitary certificate, in which authorized veterinarian of exporting country/country of origin, confirms:

That consignments/shipments complies with the conditions in the “Veterinary Convention”, signed between two parties, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and exporting country/country of origin, such as follows:

- that meat has the origin from areas/locations, which were considered as free of contagious diseases, which could be transmitted with this consignment, before and during the slaughtering
- that, in the circle of 30 km around and in the place of animal origin, as well, in the last two months before and during the slaughtering there was no outbreaks of Foot and Mouth Disease, Classical Swine Fever (Hog Cholera), Swine Vesicular Disease and Techen Disease (encephalomyelitis enzootica suum)
- that meat has the origin from animals, which are inspected ante-mortem and post-mortem, found as wholesome for human consumption and unsuspecting on contagious diseases which are under obligatory reporting
- that slaughterhouses in which meat was processed, are under permanent veterinary-sanitary supervision and that these facilities are registered as export establishments
- that meat has properly stamped with slaughterhouse's official stamp, with noted day of slaughtering and official export number of this establishment
- that meat is wholesome from the veterinary-sanitary point of view and fit for human consumption without any restrictions/limitations
- that examination of meat for estimation of *Trichinella* sp. presence, had negative result
- that consignment of meat does not have higher level of radioactive contamination than allowed, according to the current legislation in Federal Republic of Yugoslavia
- that meat is free from harmful substances (pesticides, antibiotics, sulphonamides, hormones, nitrophen residues, etc.) in quantities higher than

allowed, according to the current legislation of Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

- that consignment of meat doesn't have higher level of radioactive contamination than allowed, according to the current legislative in FRY

2) At the consignment arrival at entry point (border crossing station), Federal Veterinary Officer is obliged and authorized to take samples of meat/meat products for laboratory investigation, such as follows: at least one sample of muscle tissue together with associated fat tissue.

If in the same transported vehicle there are meat consignments from more than one slaughterhouse (additional numbers of deliverers), than it is necessary to take at least one sample from each different deliverer/supplier.

If, on some occasion, Federal Veterinary Officer is not in the position to collect the samples for laboratory investigations at the border crossing station, he is obliged to write the order for collection of samples, in original consignment documentation, for local municipality veterinary inspection service, in the place of consignment final destination (according to the same aforementioned procedure of sample collection), for laboratory investigations.

Collected samples are delivered to the authorized laboratory with sign "to be investigated" on the presence of harmful substances.

The officially authorized Service that collected samples, has the obligation to prepare written report about investigation results for the Federal Ministry of Economy and Internal Trade and other competent authorities at the Republican level.

3) Every consignment of meat should be accompanied with certificate of authorized Veterinary Services of exporting country/country of origin, in which is stated that meat was stored and additionally, that it was handled according to the best knowledge/principles of hygiene and also, that meat was stored at cold stores (warehouses) which are under permanent veterinary-sanitary supervision/control.

4) Transporting vehicles and transport conditions must fulfil provisions of current legislation of Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

5) This importation permit/license is valid for two months, from the day of issuing or until recall by Federal Minister of Economy and Internal Trade

THE RULEBOOK ON QUANTITIES OF PESTICIDES, METALS, METALLOIDS AND OTHER POISONOUS SUBSTANCES, CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS, ANABOLICS AND OTHER SUBSTANCES WHICH CAN BE FOUND IN FOOD

Article 1

In the foodstuff, that is in the circulation/movement in Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, the residues of pesticides, heavy metals and non-metals, anabolic, veterinary drugs, mycotoxins, polycyclic-aromatic carbohydrates, polychlorated-byphenils(PCB) and other contaminants could be found in quantities according limits presented in this Rulebook.

Article 2

Under term pesticides, in the sense of this Rulebook, the chemical substances, which are in use, are considered, as follows:

- 1) for eradication of plant diseases, harmful insects, centipedes, snails, nematodes (ring verms), rodents and birds, for eradication of weed or for regulation of plant growth
- 2) for destruction of pests and fungi which attack/affect stored agricultural products
- 3) for destruction of insects and other organisms which are transmitters/vectors of contagious diseases to humans and animals and different molestants and parasites in humans and animals. Under pesticides, in the sense of this Rulebook, products of pesticide that are bio-transformable and pollutants in end products are considered

Article 3

Foodstuff can be put into circulation if quantity of pesticides that contains, is not higher than quantity marked in table I- "Allowed quantities of pesticides in foodstuffs", which is printed together with this Rulebook and makes the integral part of it.

Article 4

Spices, additives and similar products may contain up to ten times higher quantities and teas, up to five time higher quantities of pesticides from maximum allowed quantities given in table I.

In soup concentrates, fatty/full fat and skim milk powder, dry fruits and vegetables and similar dehydrated foodstuffs which are in use as dissolved or reconstituted, the content of

pesticides is examined/investigated in the aggregate phase in which these foodstuffs are in use as food.

Article 5

The residues of pesticides in cow's milk are presented in total milk weight. In raw milk and fatty milk, originated from some other animal species, residues are presented according to the total fat content. In table I, tolerance for pesticides in milk, is calculated for raw and standardized cows milk. In milk products with fat content higher than 2% the residues of pesticides are presented according to fat content-maximum limit is twenty five times higher from limitation established/set up for milk. In milk products with fat content less than 2%, the residues of pesticides are presented according to the total weight of products-maximum limit is double time less, from estimated limit for milk. The residues of pesticides in meat and meat products with fat content higher than 10%, are presented according to the fat content. In table I, tolerance for the pesticides in meat and meat products, is for meat and meat products with fat content higher than 10%. In meat and meat products with fat content of 10% or less, the pesticide residues are presented as calculated to the total weight without bones-maximum limit is ten times lower from limitation estimated for meat and meat products with fat content higher than 10%, but it may be not less than 0,01 mg/kg.

Article 6

Foodstuff which contains the residues of two or more pesticides and its metabolites with the same acting principles, can be put into circulation if sum of each pesticide residue percentage and harmful metabolite, in relation to its tolerance, do not exceed 100 %.

Foodstuff which contains residues of two or more pesticides or its metabolites, with known synergistic acting in the sense of enhanced toxicity on warm-blooded organisms, can not be put into circulation, without previous consideration on quantities of pesticides/metabolites which it contain.

Article 7

Raw or half-processed food that contains pesticides in quantities over allowed level, can be put into circulation, if, after proper processing according to the production technological process, quantity of pesticide is not higher than quantity estimated in table I. Foodstuffs from paragraph 1 of this article, can be put into circulation after proper processing according to the production technological process, only if by laboratory investigation (at health and other organizations authorized for analyses and super analyses of pesticides in foodstuffs) is confirmed.

Article 8

Foodstuffs can be put into circulation, if quantity of metals and non-metals in these

foodstuffs is not higher from quantity noted in table III-the allowed quantities of metals, non-metals and some specific contaminants in foodstuffs, presented in mg/kg or mg/l, which is printed together with this Rulebook and makes integral part of it.

Article 9

Foodstuffs of animal origin can be put into circulation if they not contain the quantities of anabolic (hormones and other substances with hormonal and anabolic acting) in amounts which can be estimated by prescribed or recognized methods

Article 10

Foodstuffs of animal origin can be put into circulation if they do not contain:

- substances with thyreostatic acting (thyouracil, propil-thyouracil and metil-thyouracil)
- tranquilizers and beta-blocators/inhibitors
- chemiotherapeutics(nytrophurans,carbadox,dimetridazol) in quantities which can be determined by prescribed or recognized methods

Article 11

Milk and milk products, meat and meat products, eggs and egg products, freshwater fish and honey, can be put into circulation if they do not contain quantities of anabolic which can be determined by prescribed or recognized methods

Article 12

Milk and milk products, meat and meat products, eggs and egg products, freshwater fish, honey and other foodstuffs of animal origin can be put into circulation if it do not contain residues of sulfonamides in quantities higher than 0,10 mg/kg.

Article 13

Fresh sea fish may not contain more than 20mg of histamine, calculated on 100g of fish meat. Frosted sea fish, fish cans and pasteurized semidurable cans may not contain more than 40 mg of histamine calculated on 100g of fish meat

Article 14

PCB must not be found in:

- 1) Milk and milk products (calculated on fat content) in quantities more than 1mg/kg
- 2) Poultry meat and other types of meat (pork, bovine, sheep) and its products (calculated on fat content) in quantities more than 2mg/kg
- 3) Eggs (without shell) in quantities more than 0,3 mg/kg
- 4) Fish, shells, cray-fish and mollusks (eatable part), in quantities more than 3mg/kg

Article 15

Aphlatoxins (B1+G1) may not be found in:

- 1) Wheat, corn, rice, barley and other cereals in quantities more than 5mg/kg
- 2) Wheat flour, in quantities more than 3mg/kg
- 3) beans, peas, legumes, in quantities more than 5mg/kg
- 4) hazelnuts, walnuts, almonds, coco-nut flour, in quantities more than 3mg/kg
- 5) roasted coffee, roasted cocoa and roasted peanuts, in quantities more than 5 mg/kg
- 6) teas, in quantities more than 5mg/kg
- 7) spices-in quantities more than 30mg/kg
- 8) meat and meat products-in quantities more than 0,5 mg/kg

Milk and milk products may not contain aflatoxins M1 more than 0,5 mg/kg and aflatoxins B1 more than 0,5 mg/kg.

Foodstuffs from point 1. to 8. , milk and milk products, may not contain ochratoxin more than 10 mg/kg.

The apple juice may not contain patulin in quantities more than 50mg/kg.

The cereals may not contain zearalenon in quantities more than 1mg/kg.

Article 16

The quantities of benzo-pyren in smoked products may not be higher than 5 micro-grams/kg

Article 17

If foodstuffs do not fulfil conditions from articles 3,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16, of this Rulebook, they are considered as hygienic unfit for human consumption and may not be put into a circle

Article 18

With the day of coming into force of this Rulebook, the previous "Rulebook on quantities of pesticides and other poisonous substances, hormones, antibiotics and mycotoxins which can be found in foodstuffs", will be not valid. ("Official Gazette of FRY", No 59/83, 79/87)

Article 19

This Rulebook will come into force, on the 8th day of the day of publishing in "Official Gazette of FRY". (Last amended on 24th July 2002)

CLASSIFICATION OF FOODSTUFFS AND FOODSTUFFS PARTS WHICH ARE EXAMINED ON THE CONTENT OF PESTICIDES (table III)

Classification of foodstuffs	Foodstuff's parts under examination
Group 22: Meat -cattle -horse -goat -pork -wild game	Muscle tissue with associated fat tissue
Group 23:fats of animal origin(extracted) -cattle -sheep -pork	Fat tissue or delivered fat
Group 24:Offals(cattle,goat,sheep,pork) -liver -tongue -brain -lunes -heart -kidney	The offal`s tissue
Group 28:Poultry meat	Muscle tissue with associated fat tissue
Group 29:Poultry fats(extracted)	Fat tissue
Group 30:Poultry offals	The offal`s tissue
Group 31: eggs	Albumen & yolk(after shell removal)

**ALLOWED QUANTITIES OF METALS, NON-METALS AND
OTHER SPECIFIC CONTAMINANTS IN FOODSTUFFS,
PRESENTED IN mg/kg OR mg/l (TABLE III)**

Serial No and type of foodstuffs	Pb	Cd	Hg	Meth yl-Hg	Zn	Sn	As	Cu	Fe	Other contaminants
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
9.Eggs	0,25	0,05	0,05				0,1			
a)egg powder	1	0,3	0,1				0,1			
b)egg products	0,25	0,05	0,05				0,1	2		
17.Fat of animal origin	0,1	0,05	0,3				0,1	0,4	1,5	
19.Meat							0,1			
a)fresh meat	0,1	0,05	0,03							
b)offals	0,5	0,5	0,1				0,5	80**		
c)horse meat		1								
20.Meat products	1	0,1	0,05		100	100	0,3			
a)cans										
b)offal`s products	1	0,5	0,1		100 ***	100 ***	0,5			
c)other meat products	1	0,1	0,05				0,3			

Allowed Quantities of Pesticides in Foodstuff

Generic name	Chemical substance	Allowed quantity in mg/kg (l)	Type of foodstuff
Acifluorfen	5-(2-chlor-three-alpha-threefluor-p-tolioksi)-2-nytro-benzoic acid	0,02 0,02	Meat and meat products eggs
Aldrin and Dieldrin(organochloric carbohydrates)	(1r,4s,4as,5s,8r,8ar)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachlor-1,4,4a,5,8,8a-hexahydro-1,4:5,8-dimetanonaftalen	0,2 0,02	Meat and meat products Eggs(without shell and egg products)
Atrazin	2-chlor-4-ethylamino-6-izopropil amino 1,3,5-tryazin	0,02	Meat and meat products, eggs(without shell)
Cipermetrin	(RS)-alpha-ciano-3-fenoxybenzyl-(1RS)-cis,trans-3-(2,2-dihlorovinil)-2,2-dymetyl-cyclopropancarboxylat	0,01	Meat and meat products
DDT and derivatives	1,1,1-threechlor-2,2-bis(4-chlorphenyl) etar	1,0 0,1	Meat and meat products Eggs
Dyflubenzuron	1-(4-chlorphenyl)-s-(2,6 difluorbenzoyl)urea	0,05	Meat and meat products,eggs
Dychlorvos	2,2-dichlorvynil-dymetyl phosphat	0,05	Meat and meat products
Endosulphan (with alpha & beta endosulphans & endosulphan sulfate)	1,4,5,6,7,7-hexachlor-8,9,10-trinorborn-5-en-2,3-ilenbysmetylen-sulphyt	0,1	Meat and meat products
Endrin	(1R,4S,4as,5S,6S,7R,8R,8aR)-1,2,3,4,10,10-hexachlor-1,4,4a,5,6,7,8,8a-octahydro-6-7-epoksy-1,4-5,8-dymetanaftalen	0,05	Eggs,meat and meat products
Etofumesat	2-etoksy-2,3-dyhydro-3,3-dymetylbenzophuran,5-metansulphonat	0,05	Meat and meat products
Fenitrotion	(o,o-dymetyl-0,4-nytro-m-tolyl-phosphorotioat	0,05	Meat and meat products

116	HCH(alpha,beta,delta)	1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlor cyclohexan	0,1 0,02	Meat and meat products,fish and fish products Eggs(without shell)
120	Heptachlor epoksid	1,4,5,6,7,8,8-heptachlor-3a-4,7,7a-tetrahydro-4,7-metancynden	0,1 0,02	Meat and meat products Eggs(without shell)
124	Hlordan	1,2,4,5,6,7,8a-octachlor-2,3,3a,4,7,7a-hexahydro-4,7-metanoinden	0,05 0,005	Meat and meat products Eggs(without shell)
133	Chlortal-dymetyl	Dymetyl-tetrachlor tereftalat	0,02 0,02	Eggs(without shell)and egg products Meat and meat products
144	Karbaryl	1-naphtyl-metylkarbamat	0,5 0,2	Poultry meat,eggs Meat and meat products
157	Lyndan	99% gama-izomer 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorcyclohexan	0,5 0,1 0,05	Meat(rabbit,wild game)and meat products Meat(cattle,pork,sheep,goat,horse ,mule,poultry)and meat products Eggs(without shell)and egg product
217	Propoksur	2-isopropoxyphenyl-metilkarbamat	0,5	Poultry meat and meat products,eggs
249	Trichlorphon	Dymetyl-2,2,2-trichlor-1-hydroxy-ethyl-phosphonate	0,1	Meat and meat products